

**Privacy / Security  
BREACH INCIDENT  
REPORT**

Person Completing Report:

Date of Report:

Date of Incident:

Report Delivered To/Date:

Case Number Assigned:

Under the final rule, **breach** is defined as “an acquisition, access, use, or disclosure of protected health information in a manner not permitted...[and] is presumed to be a breach, unless the covered entity can demonstrate that there is a low probability that the PHI has been compromised [emphasis added].” According to HHS, “breach notification is necessary in all situations except those in which the covered entity or business associate, as applicable, demonstrates that there is a low probability that PHI has been compromised.”

This is an incident concerning fewer than 500 records. Estimated number of records:

This is an incident concerning 500 records or more. Estimated number of records:

What type of PHI was involved:     Paper PHI             Electronic PHI             Sensitive PHI

**RISK ASSESSMENT REVIEW**

- 1) **What was the nature and extent of the protected health information involved, including the types of identifiers and the likelihood of re-identification:** (Could this information be used by an unauthorized recipient to further his own interests? Could it be re-identified relatively easily? Would it facilitate Identity Theft (SSN, credit card #, etc.)?)
  
- 2) **Who was unauthorized person who used the protected health information or to whom the disclosure was made:** (Is the recipient already *obligated* to protect PHI? Is recipient trustworthy? Identification also helps as mitigation—the recipient is already on the radar if the data is later misused.)
  
- 3) **Was the protected health information actually acquired or viewed:** Recovery of a lost laptop with PHI would present *potential* compromise. If forensic analysis shows the laptop was not accessed since prior to its loss, there is no actual compromise. PHI faxed to an individual would present an *actual* compromise. If recipient claims “I didn’t read it,” the weight that is given in consideration will depend on the trustworthiness of the individual (#2.)
  
- 4) **To what extent has the risk to the protected health information has been mitigated:** Recipient returns document and states he did not view it. A letter of attestation and/or a Non-Disclosure Agreement may prove useful as mitigating factors. Encryption as mitigation—YES! Must meet encryption standards. There is no “encryption-equivalent” available for paper documents.

List any attachments: (copy of PHI data, letters, depositions, attestations)

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## **RESOLUTION OF EVENT**

I. Describe actions taken on Response:

II. Additional actions to be taken:

III. Remediation of this event:

IV. Steps taken to prevent reoccurrence (include re-education and documentation).

### **Final Breach Determination**

- Reported to Patient. Date:
- To Be Reported to HHS. Date:
- Breach Plan Implemented. Breach Reporting Needs to be Completed By: Date
- Not a Reportable Breach. Brief Explanation:

Final Resolution Date:  
Completed By:  
Contact Information:  
Reviewed By: